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IMPLICATIONS OF OXIDATIVE STRESS IN END-STAGE KIDNEY DISEASE PATIENTS: A REVIEW OF CAUSATIVE MECHANISMS, CURRENT CONCEPTS

Vassilios Liakopoulos^{1,2}, Garyfallia Varouktsi^{1,2}, Ariti Tsinari^{1,2}, Andrej Veljković³, Gordana Lazarević^{4,5}, Zoran Perišić^{4,5}, Jovan Hadži-Djokić⁶, Gordana Kocić³, Stefanos Roumeliotis^{1,2}

¹Division of Nephrology and Hypertension, 1st Department of Internal Medicine, AHEPA Hospital, Thessaloniki, Greece

Contact: Vassilios Liakopoulos

1 St. Kyriakidi Street, 54636 Thessaloniki, Greece

E-mail: vliak@auth.gr

Oxidative stress (OS), termed as the imbalance between antioxidants and prooxidants in favor of the latter, is highly prevalent in chronic kidney disease (CKD) even at early stages and is gradually increased, in parallel to deterioration of kidney function. In end-stage kidney disease (ESKD), OS is further aggravated and associated with various adverse outcomes, including atherosclerosis and cardiovascular disease. In this review, we aim to present the clinical implications of OS, the pathogenetic causative mechanisms and the potential therapeutic interventions in both hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis patients.

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²Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, School of Medicine, Thessaloniki, Greece

³University of Niš, Faculty of Medicine, Department of Biochemistry, Niš, Serbia

⁴University Clinical Center Niš, Division of Cardiology, Niš, Serbia

⁵University of Niš, Faculty of Medicine, Niš, Serbia

⁶Serbian Academy of Sciences and Arts, Belgrade, Serbia